

Assembly Instructions *Round-Top Sustain Coop*[™]

Shown With Optional Accessories



Urban Coop Company is partnered with *The Native Egg Project*, a 501 c3 Non-Profit that is working towards providing coops, a sustainable feed source, chickens and chicken keeping training to Haitians as a renewable way for them to provide food for themselves. Your new Round-Top Sustain Coop[™] is the commercial version of the coops we're endeavoring to provide to the people of Haiti. *Thank you!*

or info@uccomail.com re: Assembly Support

Some things you should know...

Understanding these concepts / conventions will help guide you through the instructions.

- Mating edges of parts to be flush and tight (when called for) will keep measurements in tolerance as the coop grows in size.
- Having a flat area is required for the coop to assemble properly.
- We estimate about 6 hours to assemble. Two people are helpful.
- You will need a drill (preferably cordless) and a tape measure will be helpful. Everything else is provided.
- Drive screws only deep enough to hold parts tight and not bury the heads too deeply as water will sit in the divots and it may cause softening of the wood and prematurely loosen screws. It will also greatly decrease your ability to easily disassemble a part if needed.
- You may end up directly driving in a screw. The brown and green screws are very aggressive and will drive with no pre-drilled hole. Keep screw entry points in the meat of the wood and not too close to edges. Screws in knots or close to edges should be pre-drilled.
- Rough Cedar may have knots, cracks or frays that are normal. We cull and cut around most imperfections we deem structurally problematic during fabrication. If you get a piece that you feel is not beautiful, please let us know so we can address your concern.
- We hand fabricated your coop with human carpenters. We work really hard to not make mistakes. In the rare occasion that we either misfabricated a part, a part was damaged in shipping, or we forgot to package a needed part, contact us and we will ship out a replacement part for you at no cost.
- We recommend dirt floors in the runs of coops. A trimmed rubber mat or turf mat can be placed in the bottom of egg boxes, or you may wish to put pine shavings them. They are left wired so they can be cleaned in the event of a broken egg.

Start Here!

We try to write instructions that work for both visual and verbal learners. Pictures supplement words and words supplement pictures. These written instructions, as provided with your purchase, will always be the latest iteration of the instructions and match the coop shipped and provide the most complete up-to-date information.

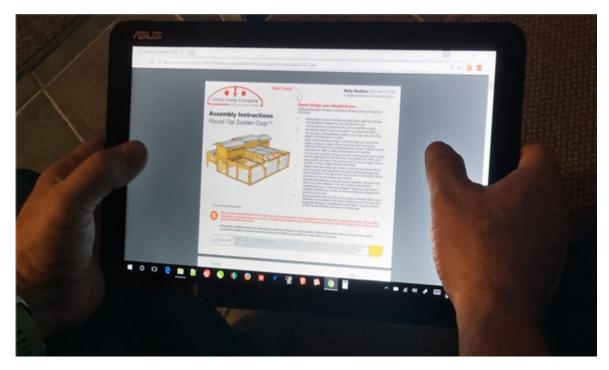
We depend on feedback about our instructions to implement changes to future versions. Please know that we value your input to that ongoing process and endeavor to produce instructions that are as effective as possible for a wide variety of customers.

V2 5/30/17

Copyright ® Urban Coop Company all rights reserved. This document is provided to you for your own personal limited use as a paying customer to assemble your coop. We consider these instructions company intellectual property and are granting you limited personal use only. Do not copy or distribute without written permission of Urban Coop Company. We claim all available Federal protection for the name Round-Top Sustain Coop™, our protected designs and trade dress as is allowed by any and all Federal intellectual property protection laws. We invest heavily in your coop and work very hard to do a good job and it is only fair that our workers benefit for their hard work.

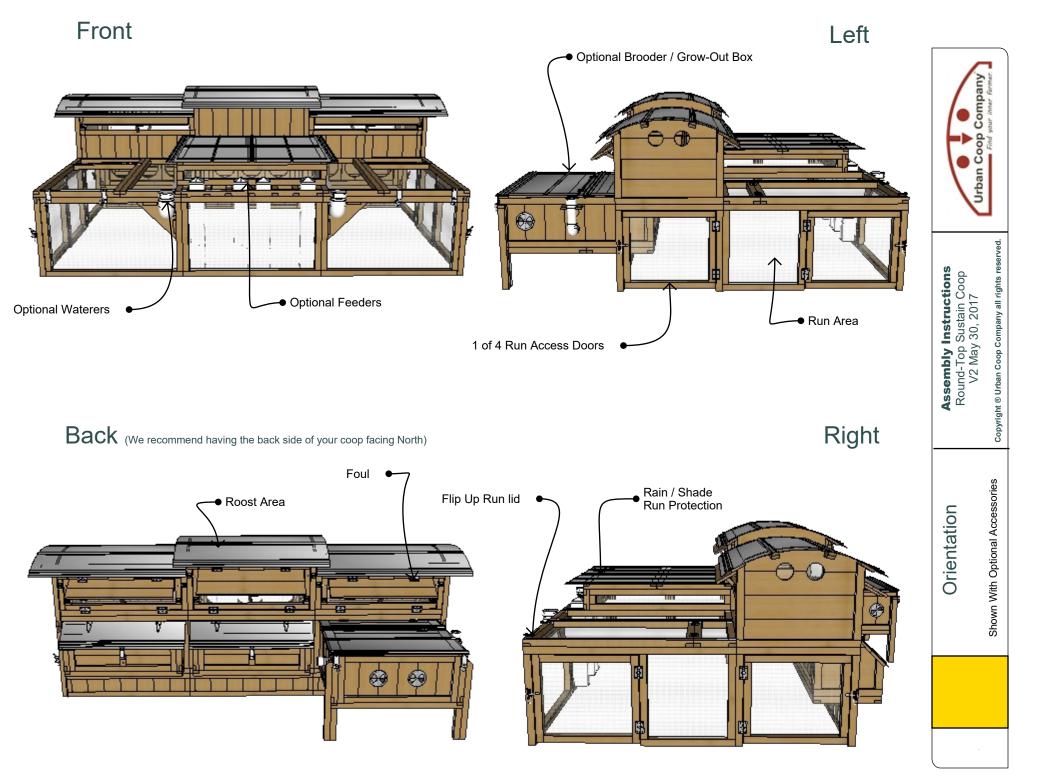


You might find it easier to use digital instructions because you can *ZOOM* in on illustrations!



http://urbancoopcompany.com/assembly-support

Windows | MacOs | iOS | Android



Written Parts List

A. Run Panels

A1 Run Front Left A2 Run Front Mid A3 Run Front Right A4 Run Top Left Outer (Hinged) A5 Run Top Left Inner A6 Run Top Right Inner **A7** Run Top Right Outer (Hinged) A8 Run Roof Left Side Panel A9 Run Roof Right Side Panel A10 Run Roof Front Panel A11 Run Roof Frame Back A12 Run Roof Frame Front A13 Feeder Panel A14 Run Left Forward Door Panel A15 Run Right Forward Door Panel A16 Run Left Back Door Panel A17 Run Right Back Door Panel A18 Back Lower Wind Panels (3 Wood) A19 Back Egg Box Frames (3)

B. Roost Panels

B1 Outer Roost Back Door Panels (2)
B2 Middle Roost Back Door Panel
B3 Roost End Panels (2)
B4 Outer Roost Front Panels (2)
B5 Mid Roost Front Panel

B. Roost Parts

B6 Roost Bar Support Brackets (2)
B7 Middle-Roof Arcs (x2)
B8 Roost Bars (3)
B9 Middle Eave Boards (x2)
B10 Outer Eave Boards (x4)
B11 Middle Roof Supports (x2)
B12 Outer Roof Supports (x4)
B13 Left Roost Roof Panel Set (x2)
B14 Mid Roost Roof Panel Set (x2)
B15 Right Roost Roof Panel Set (x2)
B16 Lipped Center Run Roof Set (x2)
B17 Waterer / Roost Support Legs Set (x2)

C. Egg Box Parts (3 Units)

C1 Bottom (Wired) C2 Sides (mirrored set of 2) C3 Egg Box Face (3 large holes) C4 Egg Box Front (beveled top edge) C5 Top Board C6 Hinged Roof Assembly C7 Z-Flashing & <u>Brad Nails</u>

Note: If you ordered the Brooder - Grow-Out Box Item G you will only receive 2 Egg Box Units.

D. Hardware & Latches

D1 Gate Latch, Screws & Clips (x4) D2 3¼" Hasps, Screws & Clips (x3) D3 4½" Hasps, Screws & Clips (x4)

E. Fasteners & Tools

E1 3 Inch Brown T-25 Screws (220) E2 1 5/8 Inch Green T-20 Screws (80) E3 Neoprene Washer Roof Screws (60) E4 Bit Holder E5 T-20 Torx Bit E6 T-25 Torx Bit (2) E7 Phillips Bit E8 Phillips Screw

F. Optional Waterer & Feeder

F1 4" EZ-Fill Waterer (x2)
F2 EZ-Fill Feeder² (x4)
F3 Poultry Nipples & Grommet (x8)

G. Optional Brooder / Growout Box

G1 Front G2 Bottom (2 panels) G3 Sides G4 Divider & Frame G5 Face G6 Main Roof & Frame G7 Sub Roof & Frame **G8** Top Board G9 Waterer, Bracket & Plug Set G10 Vent Inserts (4) G11 Z-Flashing & Brad Nails (3) G12 Rubber Floor Mats G13 Legs (2) G14 3¹/₂ Hasp, Screws & Clips (3) G15 Brown T-25 Screws (40) G16 Green T-20 Screws (20) G17 Neoprene Washer Roof Screws (12)



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Parts List

More about your new coop!

Care:

You can seal your coop if you wish. You should use a low VOC water based product. You can have color added to these products too...like painting, but its a wood stain that lets the wood breathe. We recommend color sealing rather than painting. You paid a premium price for your coop in part to pay for the cedar. It will last outdoors in its natural state for many years, better than almost any other wood. Sealing can keep the wood from going grey. That's the main benefit. Clean wood with mild detergent and water or with a commercially available coop cleaner as needed. Glues used in all joints are completely waterproof and all metal parts are galvanized or have exterior rated coatings.

Placement:

Easy access to water/feed and clear access to doors is needed. Sunlight is not all bad, and the Galvalume roof does a good job at not transferring heat and provides shade. Sunlight does a good job at disinfecting the ground under the coop. Fifty percent (50%) or more of direct sun is preferred. Good air movement around your coop is more important than anything else. The back side should be faced North if at all possible. Remember... High ground is dry ground. For coop doors to open easily over time, the coop must be level.

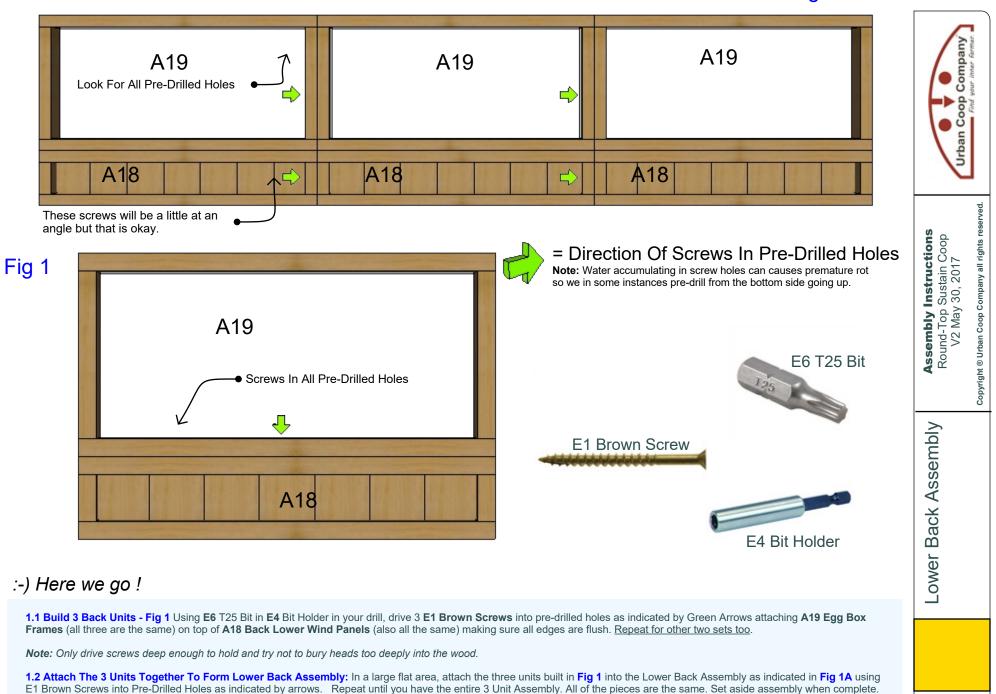
Digging Predators:

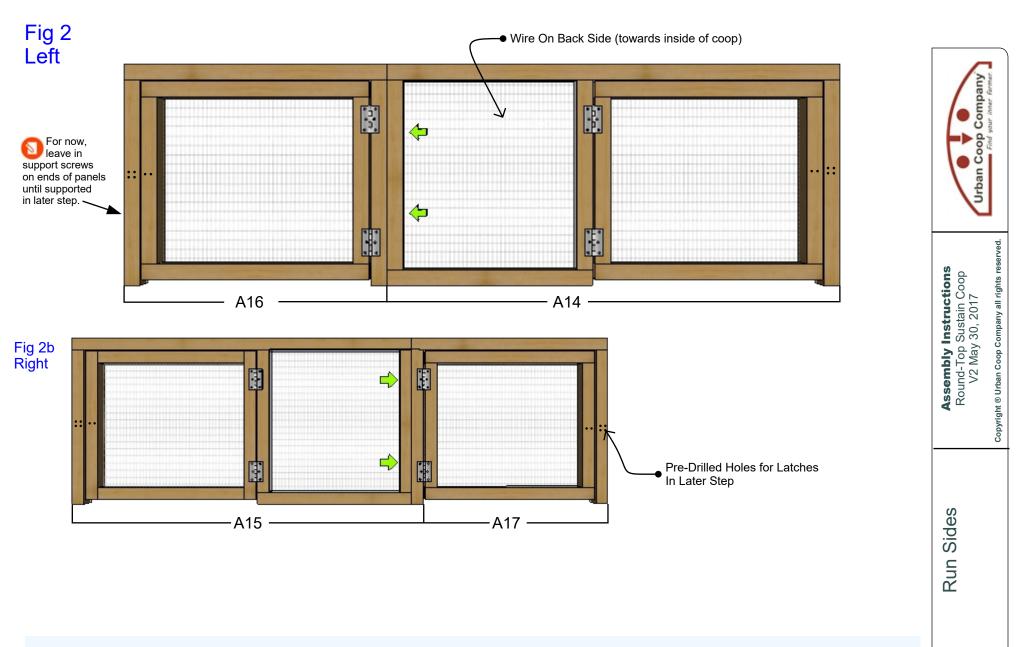
The welded wire and cedar frames are stronger than almost any predator less than a bear :) so diggers are the prime nuisance. By far dogs are the most common digger. Other "wild" animals, while more rare, certainly can dig too. If you're worried about diggers, stack heavy block shaped rocks around perimeter of coop to make getting under more difficult. Better yet, bury them around the perimeter just below grade. You can also attach a strip of wire that extends out from the bottom rails, and bury below the surface of the soil. We recommend dirt in bottom of coops that has good drainage. Pine shavings, straw or shredded junk mail can be used in laying areas... but is not recommended in the main run areas.

More About Cedar:

Your coop is built from rough cut Appearance Grade North American Western Red Cedar. Our 2x2's are actually custom milled by Weyerhaeuser. Wood deemed defective is culled during milling, cutting and in fabrication... about 5%-10%. Knots, blemishes, fraying, coloring variations, minor surface cracking, slight warping and periodic worm marks are normal parts of rough cedar. We try to make it to where a reversible part always has a "pretty side" and take care to make the "pretty side" show on all parts. If you're unhappy with a piece of wood we fabricated into your coop, send us a picture. We want you to love every piece of your new coop.

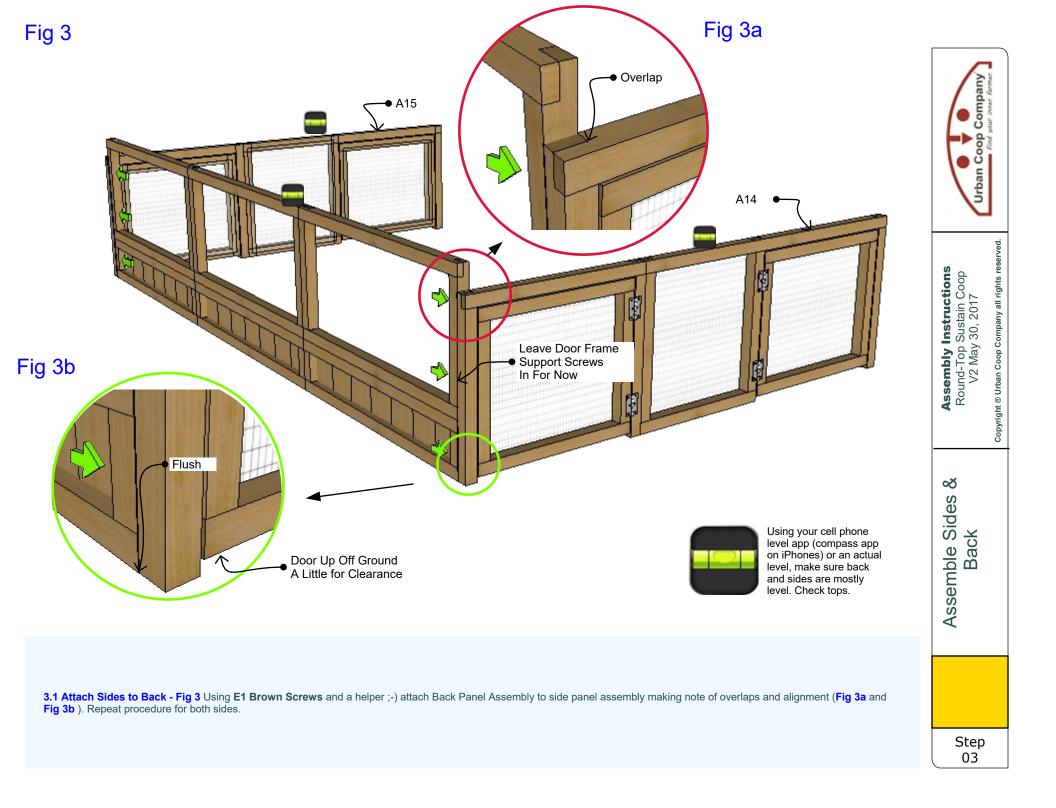
Fig 1a

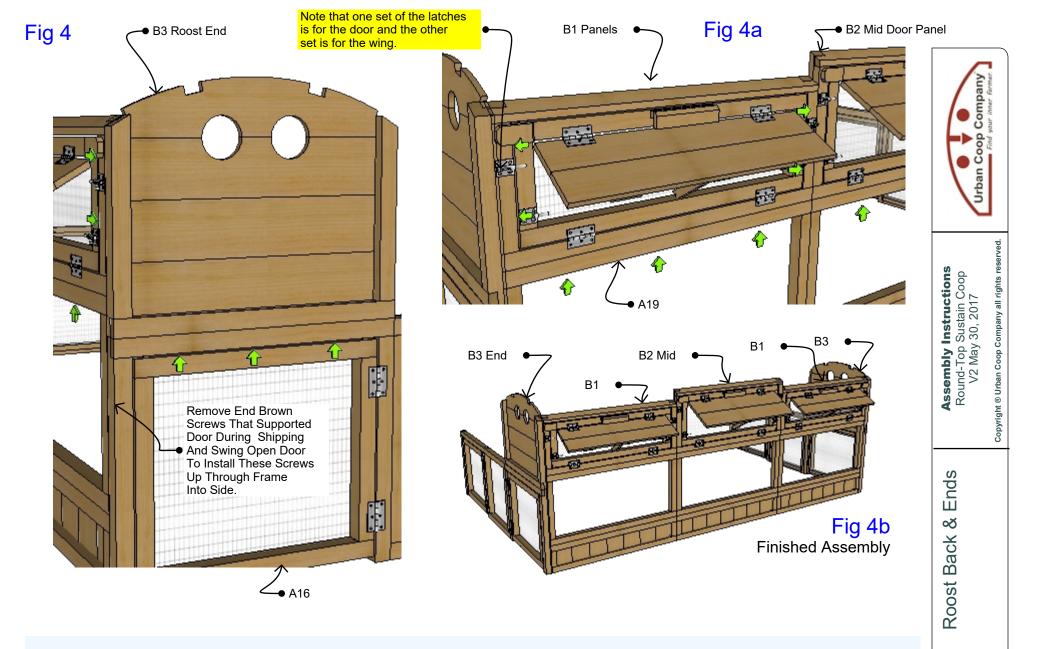




2.1 A14 & A16 Left Side - Fig 2 Using E1 Brown Screws attach Panel A14 to Panel A16 as shown in Fig 2 (green arrows indicate direction and placement of screws) making sure edges are flush. Set aside.

2.2 A15 & A17 Right Side - Fig 2 Using E1 Brown Screws attach Panel A15 to Panel A17 as shown in Fig 2b making sure edges are flush. Set aside.

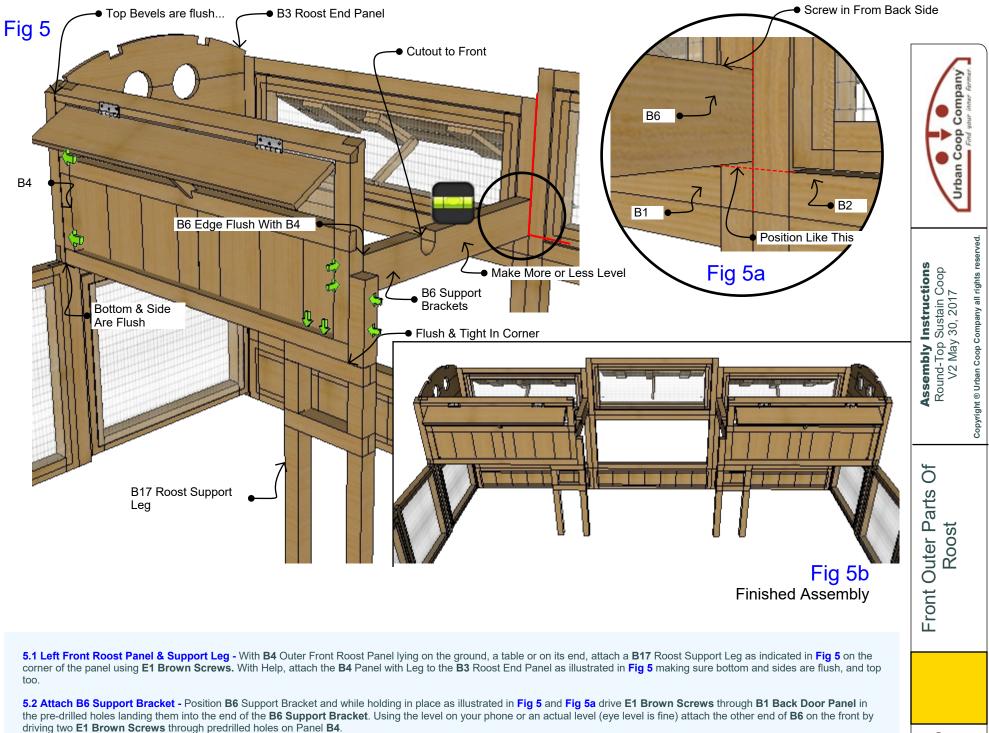




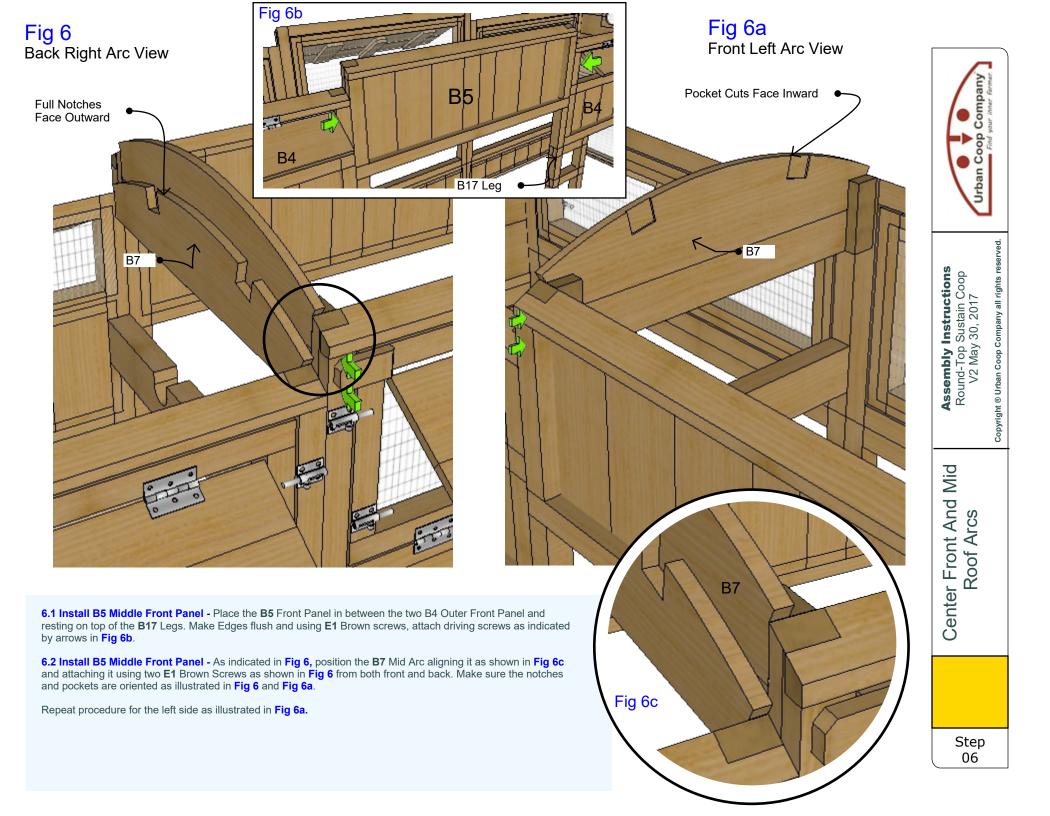
4.1 Attach Ends - Fig 4 Remove E1 Brown Shipping Screws that is locking door into place, swing out door and from below the top frame of the door, drive E1 Screws up through top frame of door into bottom rail of the B3 Roost End panel. Repeat for opposite end too.

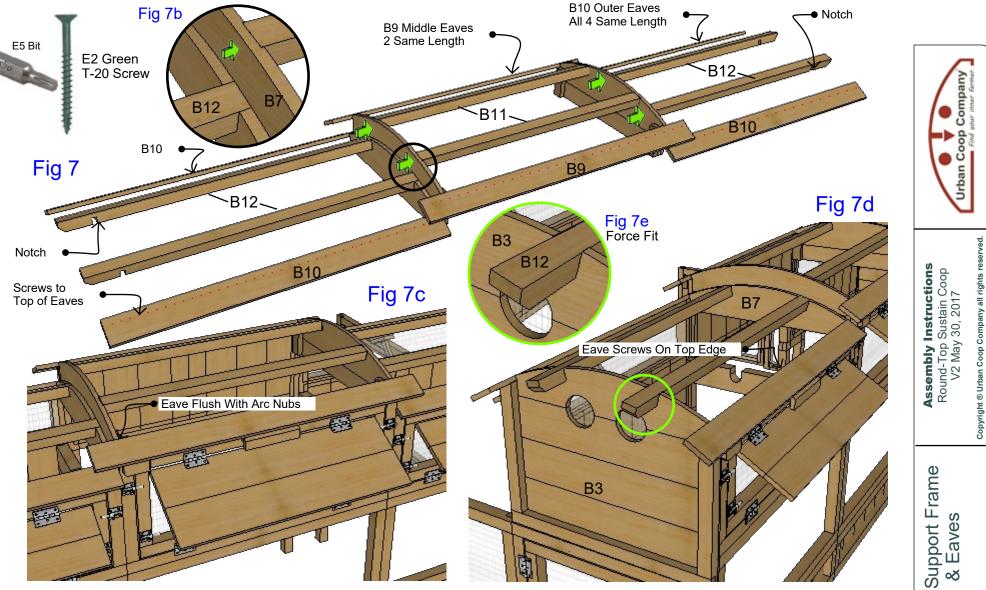
4.2 Attach Outer Back Winged Roost Door Panels - Fig 4a Position **B1** Panel on top of the **A19** frame as indicated in **Fig 4a** and attach driving screws up through top of **A19** frame into the bottom of the **B1** Door Panel, making sure all edges are flush. Carefully lower the door to access the pre-drilled holes inside the door frame to screw the **B1** side frame into the **B3** Side. Set the **B2** Mid Door Panel next to **B1** and attach it from both under and by screws attached inside of door frame of **B1** into **B2**.

Repeat Installation of the B3 Panel on the other end until you have an assembly like Fig 4b.



Repeat procedure for the right side of the front of the coop so you have the assembly as illustrated in Fig 5b.





7.1 Identify Parts - Using the Fig 7 illustration, collect parts for the roof Support Frame. There are 4 Identical B12 Supports with notches in the end. There are 4 identical length B10 Outer Eave Boards with holes drilled along the top edge. There are 2 identical B11 Boards with no notches, and 2 same length (longer) B11 Eave Boards.

7.2 Outer Roof Supports - Using your hand, force tap with your palm the notch of B12 Outer Roof Support boards into the notches on the B3 Roost Ends (Fig 7e) and the notches of the B7 Mid Arcs (Fig 7b) and then from the back side of the B7 Mid Arcs use E2 Green T-20 Screws and the T-20 Bit to drive a screw through the B7 Arc into the end of the B12 Supports. If B12 won't fit by hand, you can tap lightly with a hammer on the top part that will be covered by roof metal. Repeat this procedure for the other end.

7.3 Middle Roof Supports - Using your hand, force tap with your palm the ends of B11 Mid Roof Support boards into the pockets between the two B7 Mid Roost Arcs and then from the back side of the B7 Mid Arcs use E2 Green T-20 Screws to drive a screw through the B7 Arc into the end of the B11 Supports. If B11 won't fit by hand, you can tap lightly with a hammer on the top part that will be covered by roof metal. Repeat this procedure for both supports.

7.4 Eave Boards - Referencing the above illustrations, place the outer B10 Eave Boards on the top beveled edges of the outer front and back panels jamming the inside of the eave up against the sides of the B7 Arcs and the top edge (holes are along tops) against the nubs of the arcs. Drive E2 Green screws into the pre-drilled holes in the Eave Boards to hold in place. B9 Center Eave Boards jam up against the nubs of the B7 Arcs and are centered left to right and are held in along top edge by E2 Green T-20 Screws.

Roof



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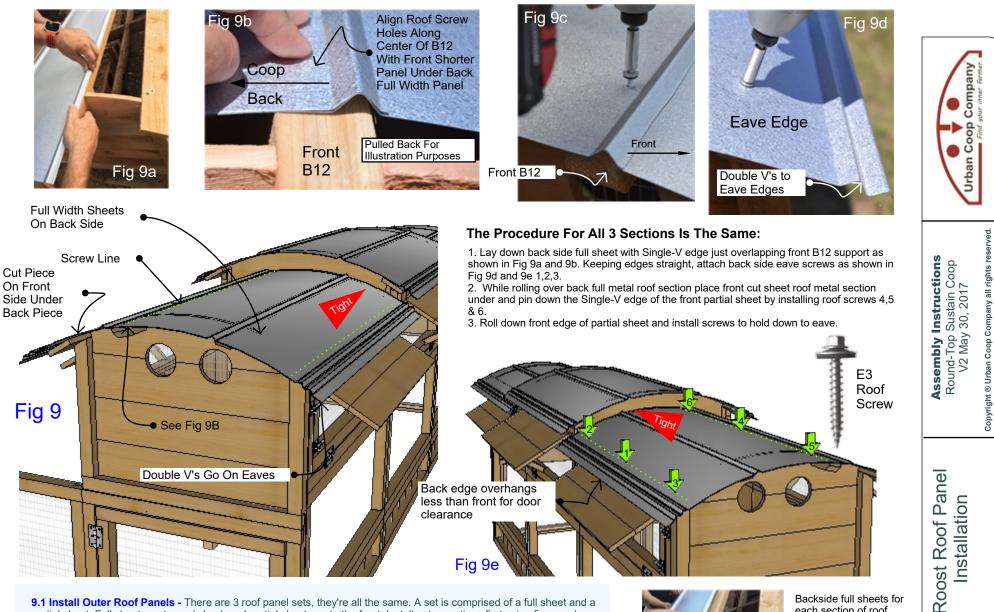
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Roost Squaring

1. Using a piece of string or a measuring tape, confirm that the distance from back corner of the run to a point on the corner of the door frame are the same (about 125 $\frac{1}{2}$ inches) most importantly, the same.

2. "Rack" one side forward or backward while letting other side staying set the coop until the measurements are the same +/- like an 1/8th of an inch.

Note: This step is necessary before installing the roof metal on the next step as the metal serves as a structural member to keep the coop "square" and once it is installed it will not be moving again. **Make sure you like the position of the coop.**



9.1 Install Outer Roof Panels - There are 3 roof panel sets, they're all the same. A set is comprised of a full sheet and a partial sheet. Full sheets go towards back and partial sheets go to the front. Install outer sections first using figures above as reference. Repeat for other outside section.

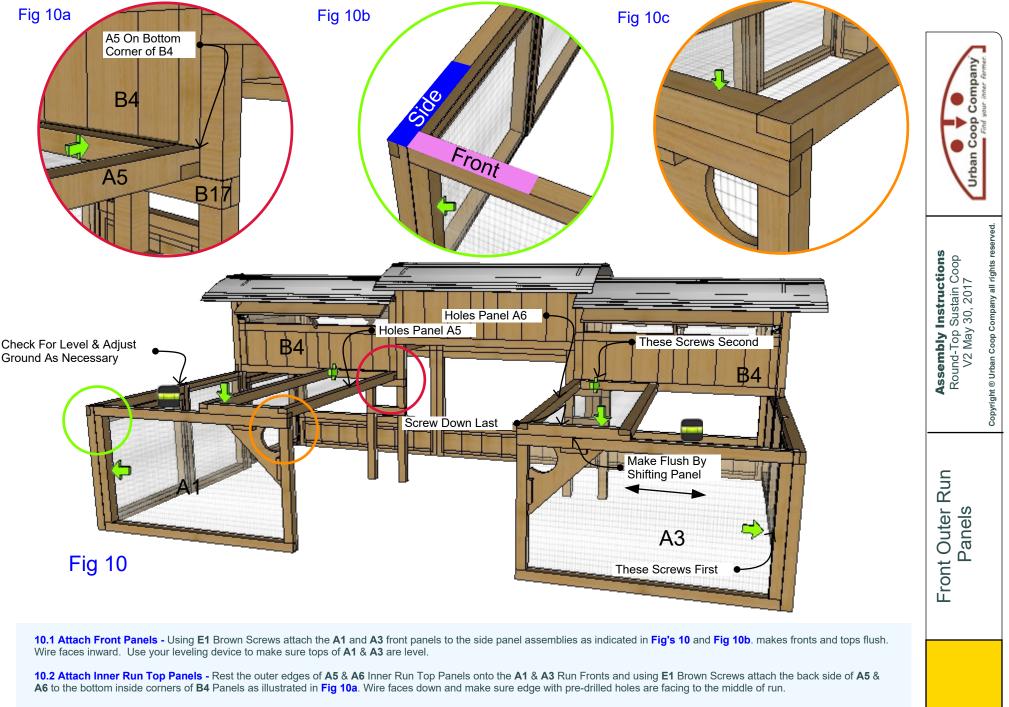
Note: Only tighten roof screws just enough to just compress the rubber washer.

9.2 Install Middle Roof Panels - Again, full sheet to back and cut sheet to front, center section to the left and right and using **E3** Roof Screws repeat the screw pattern and procedure completed in Step 9.1.

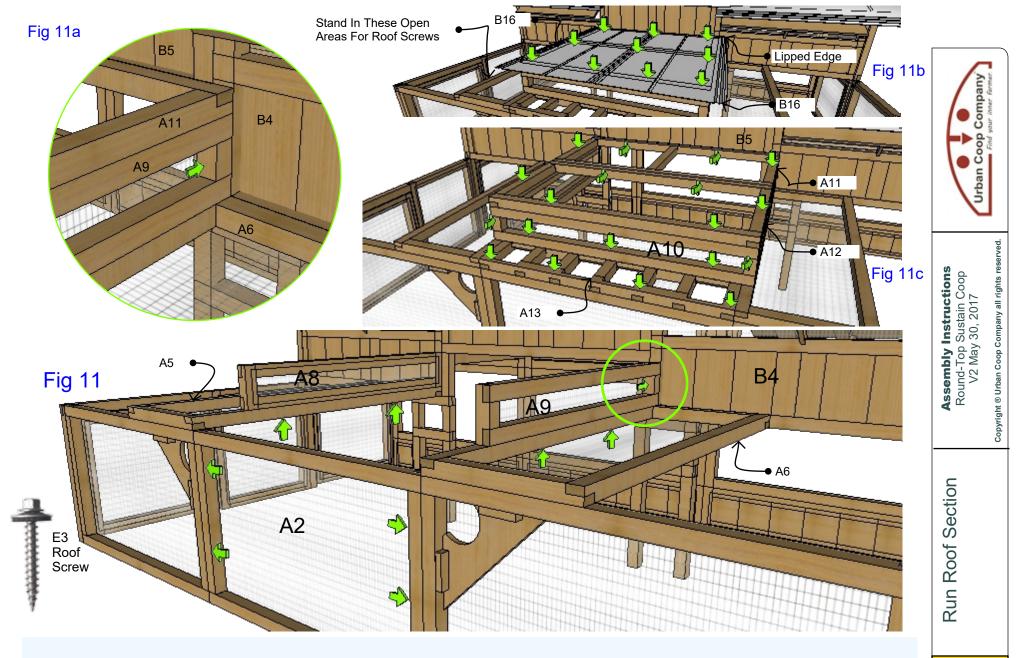
Careful: Edges Of Roof Metal Are Micro-Rolled & Corners Nipped But Sheet Metal Can Still Cut You



Backside full sheets for each section of roof roll down Single-V edge towards front of coop and align on top of and just overlapping the front B12 roof support. The front partial sheets go under the full sheet and an E3 screw pins down both when driven into B12. This procedure is repeated for all three roof sections.



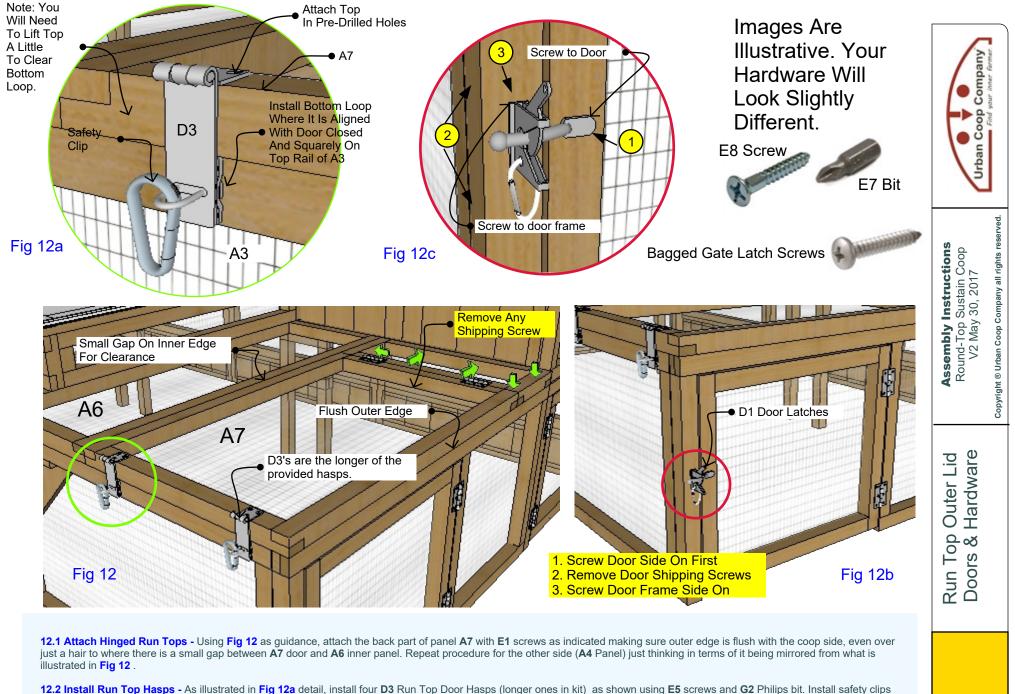
10.3 Shift Run Front Then Lock Down - Move the A1 & A3 front to back and left to right until the front edges of tops and front are flush with the A5 or A6 Panel and then drive E1 Brown screws down through A5 & A6 into tops of A1 & A3 locking the run together, Fig 10c.



11.1 Attach Run Roof Sides - Using Fig 11 and Fig 11a, Use E1 Brown Screws and attach the A8 and A9 panels as indicated driving screws up through bottom sides of A5 & A6 into the A8 & A9 Sides and back side screwed into bottom inside vertical rails of B4's. Next place front panel A2 in (wire side in) and attach using E1 Screws as indicated, making sure its flush.

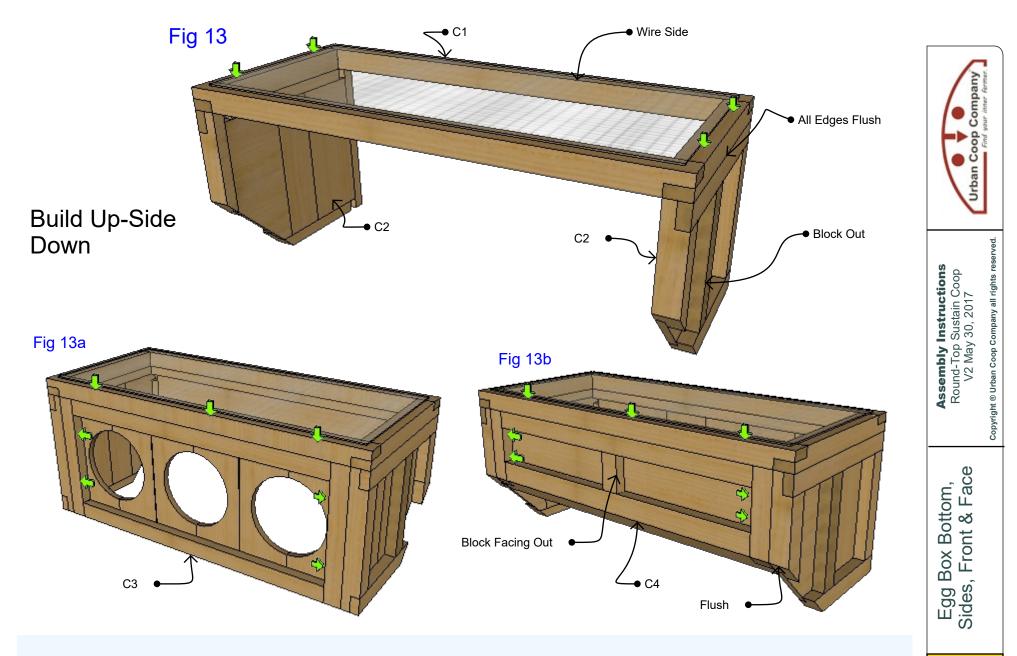
11.2 Finish Run Roof Frame - Attach the **A10** Front Panel and **A13** Feed Holder Panel as is shown in **Fig 11c** using **E1** Brown Screws. By stepping into open areas of run, Set the **A11** and **A12** Roof Frames as indicated in **Fig 11c** using **E1** Brown Screws. Make sure back of **A11** panel is screwed into bottom rail of the **B5** Middle Panel. Make all edges flush.

11.3 Screw Down Roof - Attach the B16 Roof Metal (see Fig 11b) using E3 Roof Screws with (i) larger liped sides outward and (ii) rolled up lip back edge against roost. Use a screw in all pre-drilled holes tightening just enough to push against rubber washer without crushing it. You will have to stand in the open areas of run.



when done.

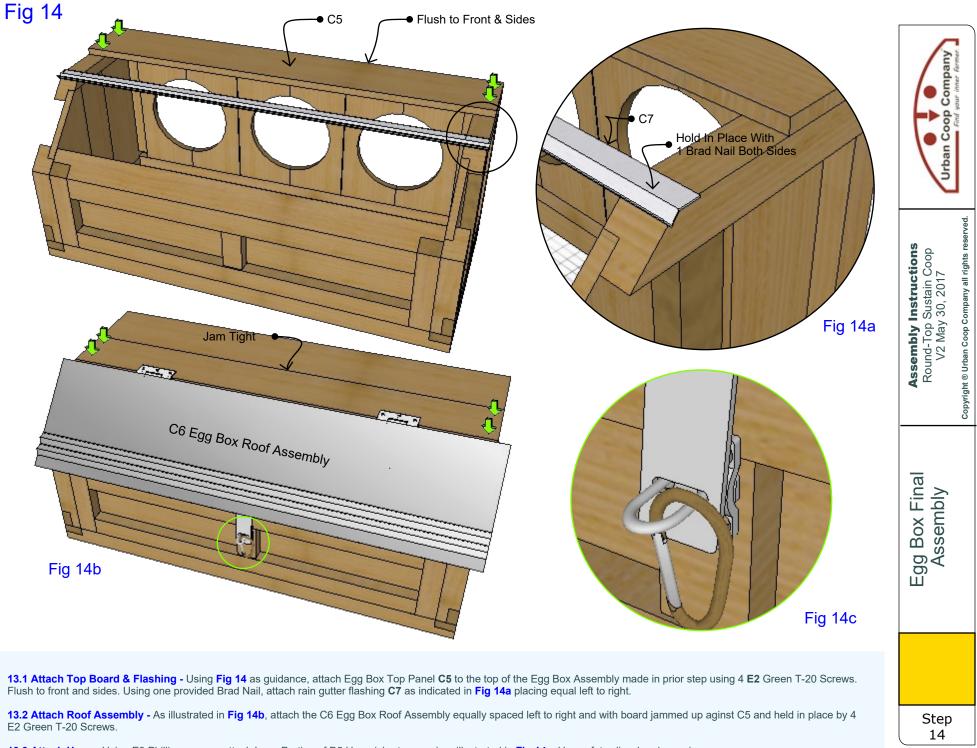
12.3 Install Run Door Latches - As illustrated in **Fig 12c** and **Fig 12b** attach the four **D1** Gate Latches using provided screws into pre-drilled holes on all four side run access doors. <u>First</u>, install door side bolt. <u>Second</u>, remove shipping screws from door frame with T-25 Bit and then making sure alignment for catch on door frame is good, <u>Step 3</u> is to install door frame latch. Repeat this procedure for all four doors.



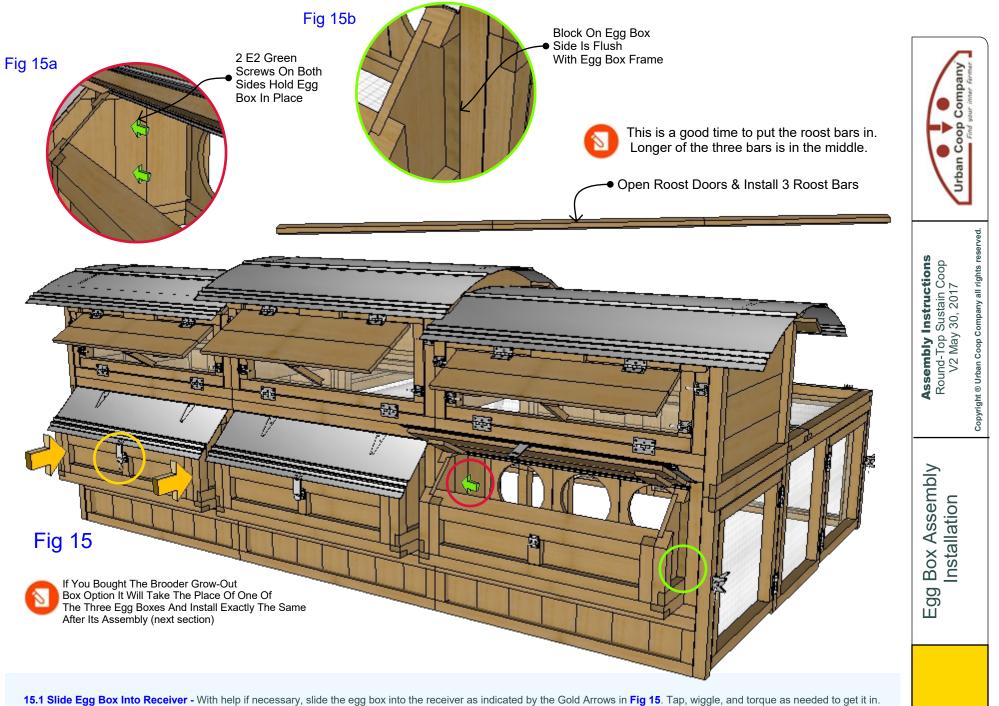
13.1 Attach Sides to Bottom - Using Fig 13 as guidance, attach Egg Box Bottom Panel C1 to the two mirrored sides C2 using E1 Brown Screws driven from bottom into sides.

13.2 Attach Face - As illustrated in Fig 13a, attach the C3 Egg Box Face between the two sides. If it does not force fit into place, you may need to loosen side screws to make a little room and retighten when done. Use E1 screws as indicated.

13.3 Attach Front - As illustrated in Fig 13b, attach the C4 Front to the assembly making sure top bevel is more or less flush. Use E1 Screws.



13.3 Attach Hasp - Using E8 Phillips screws, attach Loop Portion of D2 Hasp (shorter ones) as illustrated in Fig 14c. Use safety clip when in service.

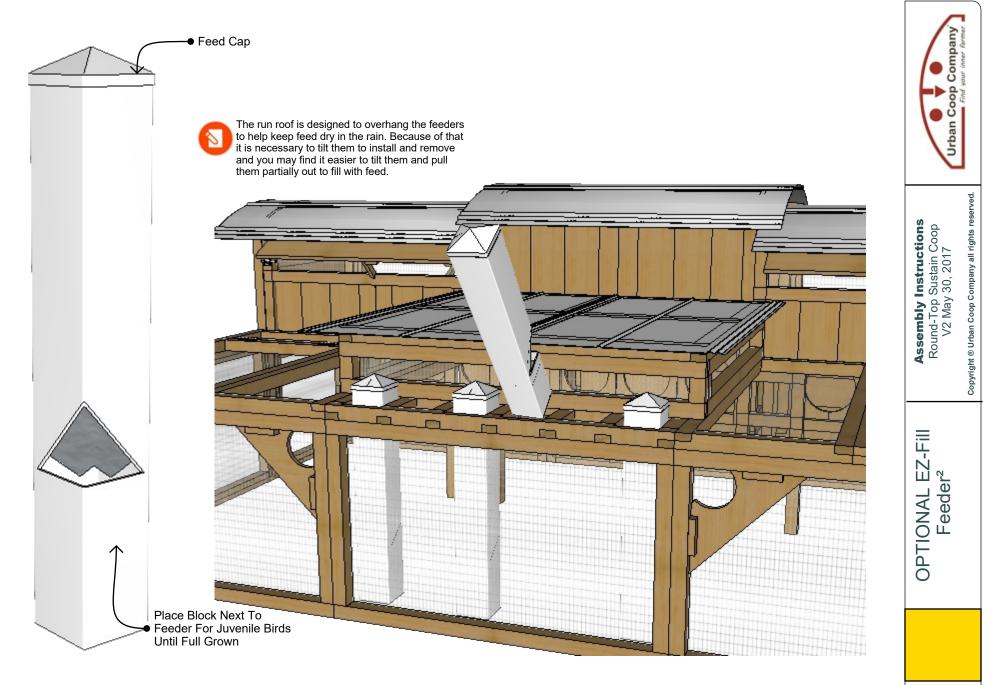


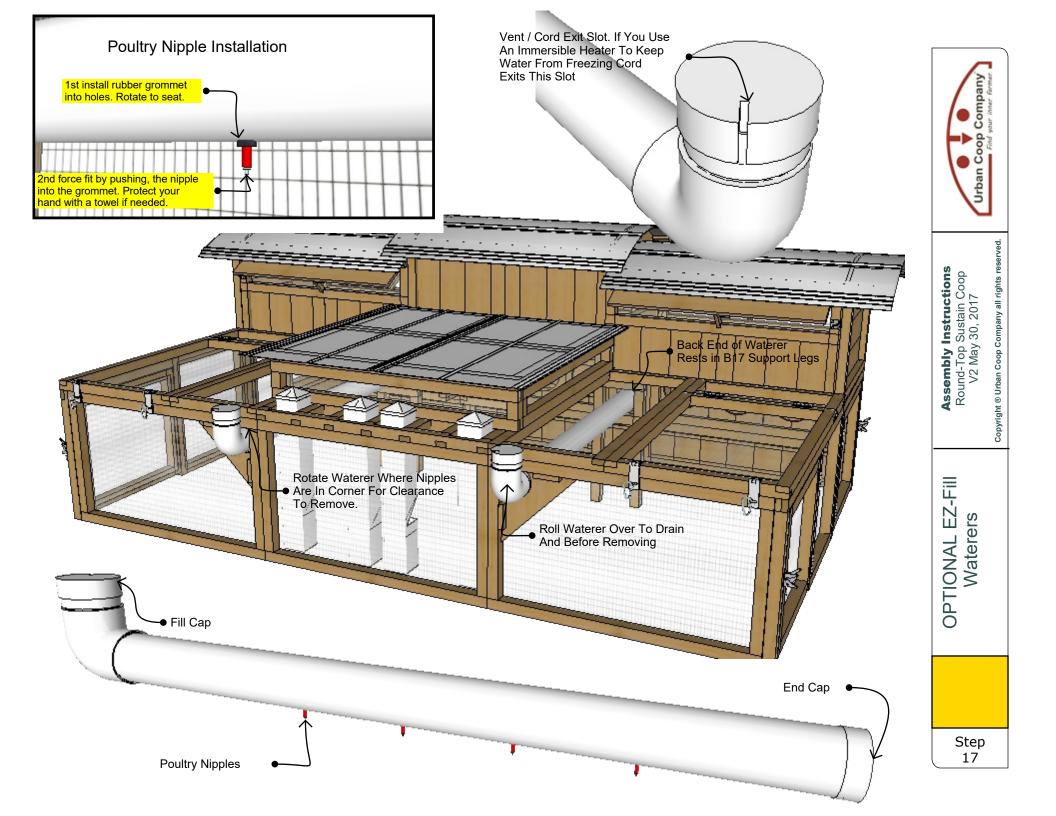
It is designed to fit tight. Push it in until the block on the sides of the egg box are flush with the receiver frame, as indicated in Fig 15b.

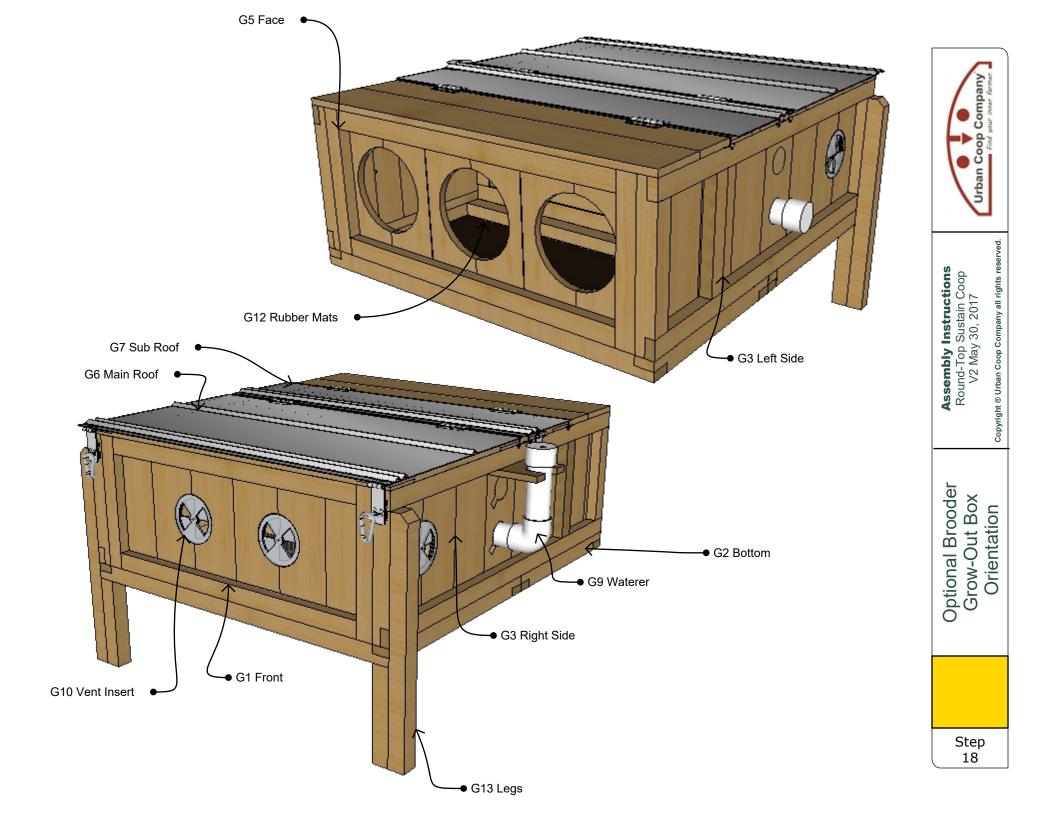
15.2 Attach Box - With the egg box lid up (see Fig 15) use 2 E1 Brown Screws per side and screw through the block on the side of box (from inside the box see Fig 15a) and into the receiver frame. Attach both sides of each egg box in the same way.

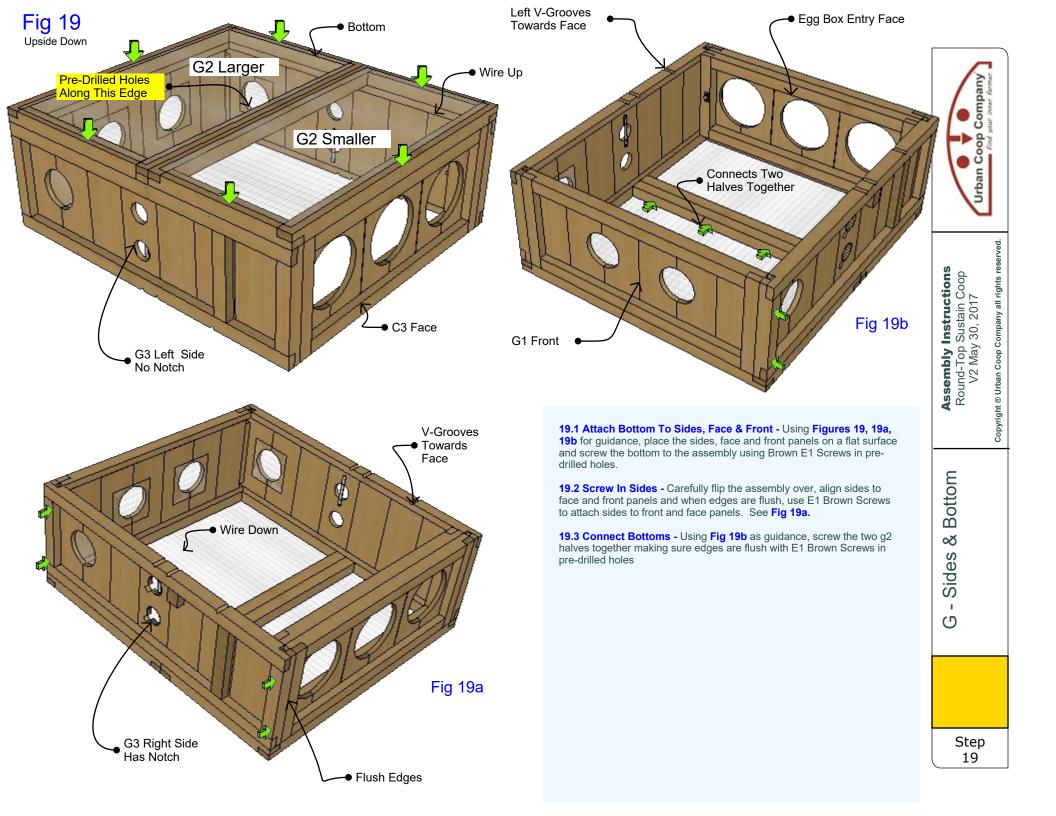
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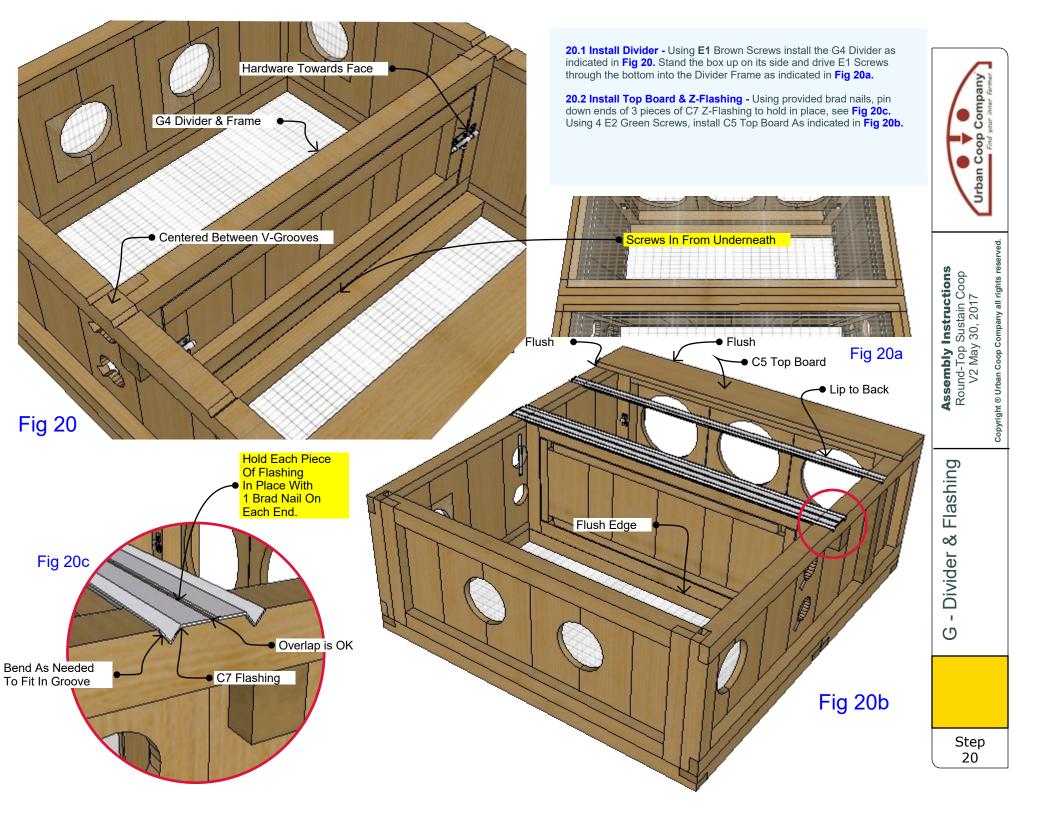
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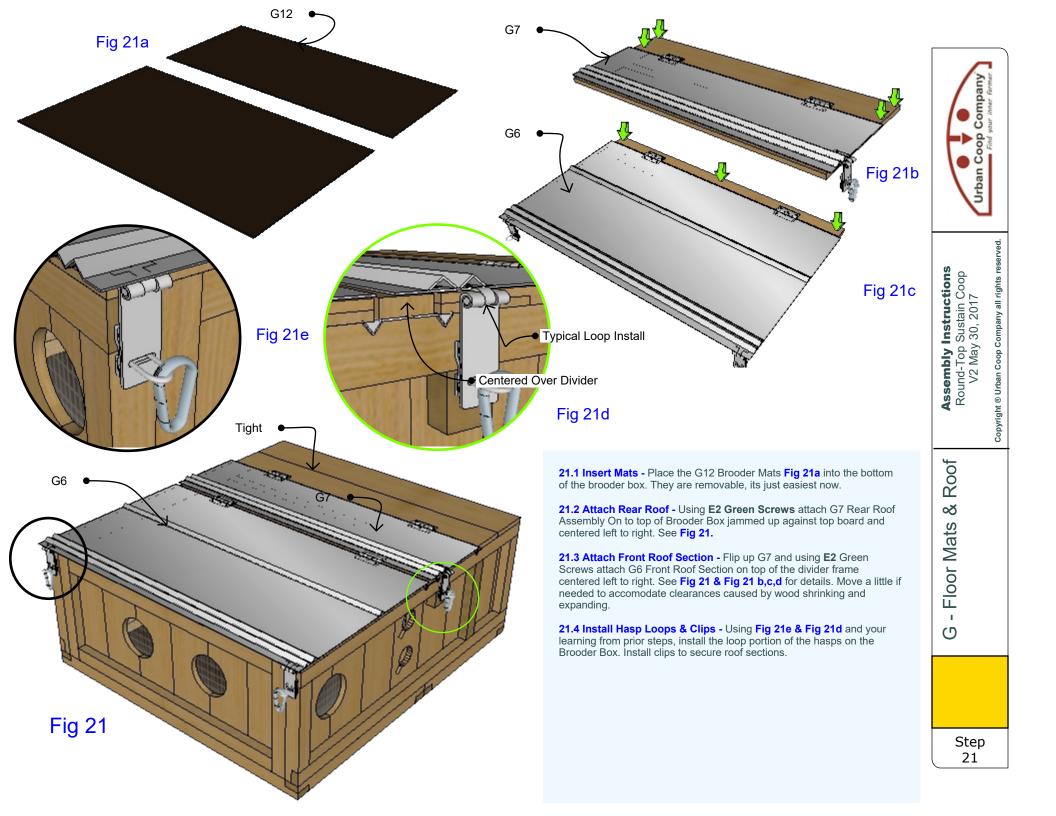


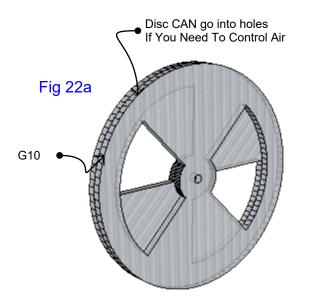






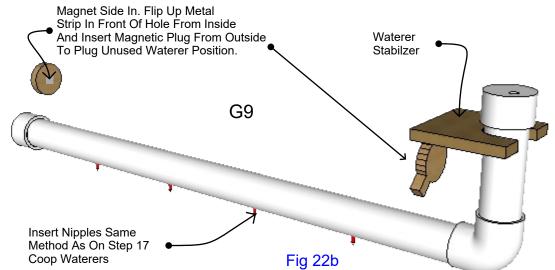






Vent Discs If

Required



- E2 Screws From Underneath

G13

22.1 Slide Brooder Box Into Coop / Attach Legs - Using procedures as described in **Step 15**, insert the Brooder Box into the right back egg box hole and after attaching **G13** Legs with **E1** Brown Screws Brooder Box to coop the same way as an Egg Box from inside front compartment.

22.2 Put Nipples Into Waterer - Using instructions as outlined in **Step 15**, insert the 4 poultry nipples into the Brooder Waterer.

22.3 Insert Waterer Into Brooder Box / Attach Stabilizer : Slip waterer into box as illustrated in **Fig 22** rotating it to where the nipples align with the slots then position fill stem vertically. Position stabilizer bracket under rail of side and using two **E2** Green Screws up from bottom, attach stabilizer so that it will secure waterer from moving side to side. When removing waterer, rotate clockwise to allow nipples to exit the side.

22.4 Plug Unused Holes - Use the lower holes for chicks up to about 4 days old or so and then you will raise to the upper position. Place wooden plugs into unused holes with the embedded magnet facing inward and rotating the metal strip on the inside to the hole that is being plugged and letting plug magnet and bar connect. The magnet is quite strong and the plug will need to be pushed out from the inside.

22.5 Vent Discs - Use a poultry thermometer to ascertain temperatures inside your Brooder Box. Ventilate as needed with the most ventilation being no **G10** Discs installed or you can force them into vent holes and turn them to meter air flow.

If you live somewhere very cold, the lid of the box is designed in such a way that a 3/4 inch thick piece of insulating foam board could be cut and put into the frame on the bottom sides of the roof. It might help to hold in some heat. Conversely, the Galvalume Roof ® is quite good at reflecting heat, but the same insulation would improve on that too in direct summer sun if over heating were an issue.

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- Waterer

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This Brooder Unit Takes Place Of An Egg Box. Best Suited For Back Right Unit. See Step 15 For Insertion Into Coop.

Fig 22

Some things to know about using your new Round-Top Sustain[™] Chicken Coop

- (1) You will need to put some sort of a liner in the bottom of the egg boxes. We recommend a cut up door mat that can be washed. An egg might get broken or some chickens will prefer sleeping in the egg boxes at times in the year, and a liner makes it easy to wash. The egg boxes being dark is what makes a chicken lay there versus somewhere else.
- (2) The roof overhangs the optional feeders so as to help keep them dry in the rain. The trade-off is getting feed into the tops is somewhat obstructed. If you pull feeders partially out and fill at an angle its not that bad and the rain cover seemed worth it to us.

If you ordered the feeder: Feed may clog in very damp climates or when using feeds that do not have clumping agents. Usually, shaking the feeder will dislodge clogged feed. If persistent, the angled chute in the feeder can have some of the material removed from the exit opening...a little at a time until you achieve the performance you want.

- (3) If you bought the waterer, you will need to rotate it downward to dump the water and then the nipples can fit through the upper corner of the front panel for removal. Dump into a bucket if you don't want the ground getting wet. We do this to protect the nipples and the brackets from the weight of the waterer when full.
- (4) The idea of the Optional Brooder box is that you could incubate a batch of about 25 chicks and grow them out to 10 days or so where a person of normal skill could cull the batch to about half the birds (hens) and finish grow out of about 12 or so birds to juvenile age (8 -10 or so weeks) where they could be introduced to the main pen area with adult birds. You will pretty quickly need to move the divider panel and block off the 3 holed egg box face to give the juvenile chicks room to grow.

The width of the box is designed to have an incubator inside of it and once hatched, used with something like a Brinsea Eco-Glow 20 or Eco-Glow 50 heater.

See our web site for options to keep water from freezing in our waterers.



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